

Sextortion phishing scams

How to protect yourself

This advice is for people who have received sextortion emails. If someone you don't know is blackmailing you by claiming to have login details or a video of you visiting an adult site, **don't pay the ransom**, but follow the steps below instead. The criminals behind these attacks don't know if you have a webcam, or if you've visited adult websites.

What is a sextortion scam?



A **sextortion scam** is when a criminal attempts to **blackmail** someone, usually by email. The criminal will claim they have login details or a video of the victim visiting an **adult website**, and will threaten to disclose this unless the victim pays a **ransom** (often in BitCoin).

The criminals behind these attacks do **not** know if you have a webcam, or know if you've visited adult websites. They are attempting to **scare their victims** into paying a ransom, and will send millions of emails in the hope that someone will pay. They'll often include technical sounding details to make the email sound convincing. It may also include a password the victim uses or has used.

Sextortion is an example of a **phishing attack**, where victims receive emails that try and **trick them** into doing the wrong thing.

What to do if you're being blackmailed

Don't communicate with the criminal

Our advice is to **not** engage with the criminal. If you have received an email which you're not sure about, forward it to the NCSC's suspicious Email Reporting Service (SERS): report@phishing.gov.uk.

Don't pay the ransom

If you pay the ransom, you might be targeted with more scams, as the criminal will know their previous scam worked.

Check if your accounts have been compromised

Do not worry if your password is mentioned. It has probably been discovered from a previous data breach. You can check by visiting <https://haveibeenpwned.com/>

Change any passwords that are mentioned

If a password you still use is included, then change it immediately. For advice on how to create good passwords, please visit www.cyberaware.gov.uk.

Report any losses to Action Fraud

If you have already paid the ransom, then report it to Action Fraud (www.actionfraud.police.uk).

www.ncsc.gov.uk

[@NCSC](https://twitter.com/NCSC)

[National Cyber Security Centre](https://www.linkedin.com/company/national-cyber-security-centre)

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